Development of An Early Warning and Automated Response System (EWARS) For Epidemic Prevention: A Case Study of Chikungunya In Kerala

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### **UNOOSA AT 6**

- "Improving Public Health through Space-based Technologies"
- Bangkok, August 2007
- Focus on HPAI
- Delegates were encouraged to collaborate on projects of mutual interest

# **Origins of the EWARS Project**

- Desire for an action plan
- EWARS idea expanding on work being done by ReGlaN health logistics group led by Dr. Engelbert Niehaus, German delgate
- Decided to focus on Chikungunya infection in Kerala State, India
- Later addition of Malaria in SA

# Chikungunya Facts

- Mosquito-borne alphavirus
- Transmitted by Aedes mosquito
- Incubation period of 2-4 days
- Fever, joint pains, rash
- Mortality rare
- Persistent joint pain and decreased level of function common
- Disease activity greatest June October







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Alert me when this article is cited	Two years turned the Indian subcontinent into South Asia. Between 14 August 1947 and 4 February 1948, India, Pakistan (its eastern part would later become Bangladesh), and Sri Lanka all gained independence from the					n 14 August later m the	<ul> <li>Pharma talking to patients</li> <li>Who'd be a psychiatrist?</li> </ul>		Student	BM

#### Kerala Indices

- Life expectancy 73+
- Infant mortality 13
- More females than males
- Highest suicide rate in the country
- Highest morbidity rates in the country

# Why is Kerala better?

- Enlightened leadership (particularly preindependence) with an interest in public health
- Attention to immunization
- Higher levels of education
- Matriarchal society
- Greater hygiene
- More expectations from the public so generally elevated levels of healthcare









#### **Current status**

- Declining civic sense
- Increasing materialism
- Worsening pollution, congestion, sanitation
- "Lifestyle" diseases like DM, CAD on the rise
- Febrile illnesses rampant

### The Team

- Germany: Engelbert Niehaus (MATH), Ruth Niehaus (MEDICINE), Gerhard Ackerman (LOGISTICS), David Niehaus (GRAPHICS), [Diana Schmidt (SOFTWARE)]
- India: Ajit Babu (MEDICINE, TELEHEALTH), [S. Sabesan (ENTOMOLOGY, GIS/REMOTE SENSING), P.G. Diwakar (REMOTE SENSING)]
- South Africa: Marlien Herselman (RURAL IT), [Maurice Mars (MEDICINE, TELEHEALTH), Chris Smith (E-HEALTH), Lynn Hammer (E-HEALTH)]
- United States: [Steven Kymes (COST-EFFECTIVENESS), James Stahl (OPERATIONS RESEARCH, T. Kesavadas (VISUAL REPRESENTATION OF DATA)]



### RS + GIS

- Gives near real-time information on:
  - temperature
  - soil
  - elevation
  - patterns of land use
  - phases of vegetation
  - precise geographic location of water bodies, population centers, buildings, roads, and other infrastructure

# Chikungunya EWARS

- Use RS and GIS data for Kerala
- Validation with ground truth
- Examine correlation of RS/GIS to ground truth
- Identify RS predictors for early warning
- Fuzzy logic system to facilitate resource allocation matched to database of existing resources
- Use RS/GIS to evaluate adequacy of response

### **Advantages of EWARS**

- Minimal additional investments or changes to existing public health structure
- Real-time information
- Potential for substantial improvements in public health
- Expandable to other diseases

### Challenges

- Support from the government
- Buy-in from local stakeholders
- Funding for sustainability
- Building wider collaborations
- Maintaining data integrity

#### **Progress to Date**

- Three meetings Nov 07 (India), April 08 (Germany), August 08 (SA)
- Kerala government has agreed to pilot
- Pilot sites identified in SA
- Detailed project plan in progress
- Programming commenced





### **Next Steps**

- Meeting with Kerala government (Nov)
- Development of prototype (Ongoing)
- Next group meeting in India (Jan 09)
- Coalition building (Ongoing)
- Commencement of pilot (? July 09)

#### Conclusion

- EWARS offers the possibility of a common-sense approach to epidemic prevention that can be generalized to a variety of diseases and settings
- Pilot data from a real-world setting will be critical for further progress
- Collaborations are highly welcome